Oklahoma State University Animal Facility Biosafety Level 1 Institutional Biosafety Committee Inspection Report (10/2015) 223 Scott Hall, Stillwater, OK 74078 Facility Director: Inspected By: Facility Location (Bldg/Rm Nos.): Inspection Type: Department: □Initial □5 yr Renewal Facility Safety Officer: College/Department Safety Officer: Inspection Date: List of Agents that will be Used/Stored in Animal facility Agents/toxins are a risk: (Check all applicable agent categories and list agents by category): □Parasitic: □Recombinant DNA: □Humans: □Bacterial: □Toxin: □Animals: □Viral: □Other: □Plants: □Fungal: Animal Biosafety Level 1 (ABSL-1): Suitable for work in animals involving well-characterized agents that are not known to cause disease in immunocompetent adult humans, and present minimal potential hazard to personnel and the environment. ABSL **AGENTS PRACTICES** SAFETY EQUIPMENT **FACILITIES** Not associated with Standard microbiological Special containment Special facility design practices as indicated disease in devices or equipment may may be required as be required as determined determined by immunocompetent adult below. appropriate risk humans. by appropriate risk assessment. assessment. 1 **PPE:** Lab coats, gloves, face and respiratory protection as needed. **IBC Disposition:** □Approved for Work at:□ABSL-1 □Provisionally Approved for Work at:.....□ABSL-1 Comments: **IBC Chair Signature:** Date: **Biological Safety Officer Signature:** Date:

INSPECTION CHECKLIST							
Verbal Inspection			NO	N/A	Comments		
1.1	Facility/animal room access is limited or restricted to only those persons required for program or support purposes						
1.2	Personnel at risk of acquiring infections or for whom infections may have serious consequences are denied access to facility unless special procedures can eliminate the risk						
1.3	All employees have attended orientation training (to include chemical hygiene, how to read MSDS sheets, and animal husbandry) and training records are maintained						
1.4	Personnel receive appropriate training on standard operating procedures, potential hazards, the necessary precautions to prevent exposures, and exposure evaluation procedures						
1.5	Personnel receive annual refresher training and/or additional training as necessary						
1.6	Personnel are enrolled in the Occupational Health and Safety Program						
1.7	Protective clothing such as lab coats, solid-front/wrap-around gowns, scrub suits, or coveralls are worn when working with potentially infectious materials. Protective clothing is either discarded appropriately in the facility or disinfected prior to laundering						
1.8	Appropriate face/eye protection and respiratory protection is worn by all personnel entering spaces containing infected animals (contact lens users should also wear eye protection) as determined by risk assessment						
1.9	Eye and face protection (goggles, mask, face shield or other splatter guard) is used for anticipated splashes or sprays of potentially infectious materials						
1.10	Personnel using respirators are enrolled in respiratory protection program						
1.11	Boots, shoe covers, or other protective footwear and disinfectant foot baths are available and used when indicated						
1.12	Gloves are worn if hands are at risk of contact with infectious materials, infected animals, or contaminated surfaces or equipment						
1.13	Facility personnel wash hands after handling viable material, handling animals, removing gloves, and before leaving the facility						
1.14	Disposable PPE, including gloves, is not reused and is disposed of as biohazardous waste						
1.15	leaving						
1.16	animal/procedure rooms						
1.17	Mechanical pipetting devices are used (<i>i.e.</i> , no mouth pipetting)						
1.18	Sharps handling policies/practices are in place (e.g., for parenteral injections, blood samples, aspiration of fluids from animals/vials, etc.)						
1.19	The use of needles or other sharp instruments is kept to a minimum						
1.20	Plastic ware is substituted for glassware whenever possible and broken glassware is only handled by mechanical means						
1.21	Sharps containers are decontaminated (e.g., autoclaved or appropriate chemical treatment) prior to disposal or reprocessing						
1.22	Only needle-locking syringes or syringes w/ permanently affixed needles are used for injection/aspiration of infectious materials						
1.23	Needles are not bent, sheared, broken, recapped, removed from disposable syringes, or otherwise manipulated prior to disposal						
1.24	A needlestick injury log is maintained						

Verbal Inspection			NO	N/A	Comments
1.25	Procedures minimize splashes/aerosols				
	Work surfaces including those in the BSC are				
1.26	decontaminated at completion of work or after any				
	spill/splash of viable material with effective disinfectant				
1.27	Method for decontaminating facility waste is available in building (<i>i.e.</i> , autoclave, incinerator, <i>etc.</i>)				
4.00	Materials decontaminated outside of animal/procedure rooms				
1.28	are transported in durable, leak-proof, closed containers				
	Cages housing infected animals are autoclaved or thoroughly				
1.29	decontaminated before bedding is removed and before they				
	are cleaned and washed Cages are washed manually or in a mechanical cage washer				
1.30	(mechanical cage washer should have a final rinse				
1.50	temperature of at least 180°F)				
	Animal wastes (e.g., animal tissues, carcasses, contaminated				
1.31	feed/bedding, etc.) are decontaminated by approved method				
	before disposal as dictated by risk assessment Animal wastes (e.g., animal tissues, carcasses, contaminated				
	feed/bedding, etc.) are kept in covered, leak-proof containers				
1.32	during collection, handling, processing, storage, transport or				
	shipment as dictated by risk assessment.				
1.33	Animals and plants not associated with the work being				
1.34	performed are not permitted in the lab Insect/rodent control program in effect				
1.54	Consideration is given to the use of restraint devices and				
1.35	practices that reduce the risk of exposure during animal				
	manipulations				
	All genetically engineered neonates are permanently marked				
1.36	within 72 hours after birth, if their size permits. If their size				
	does not permit marking, their containers should be marked. Transgenic animals contain distinct and biochemically				
1.37	assayable DNA sequences that allow identification of				
,	transgenic animals from among non-transgenic animals.				
	If work is done with an animal containing recombinant DNA				
1 20	or recombinant DNA-derived organisms, a double barrier is				
1.38	provided to separate male and female animals unless reproductive studies are part of the experiment or other				
	measures are taken to avoid reproductive transmission.				
	Visual Inspection	YES	NO	N/A	Comments
2.1	Facilities are located away from public areas and access is				
2.1	restricted.				
2.2	Doors to areas where biohazardous material and/or animals				
2.2	are housed open inward (doors to cubicles inside an animal room may open outward or slide) and are self-closing				
	Posted signage includes required PPE, required entry/exit				
2.3	procedures, as well as the supervisor's name and emergency				
	contact information	1		1	
2.4	A facility-specific safety manual has been prepared and is available				
2.5	Eyewash station is readily available				
	Facility is designed to be easily cleaned (e.g., no carpets/rugs,				
2.6	spaces between cabinets/equipment/furniture are accessible,				
2.0	etc.). Interior surfaces are water resistant and penetrations in				
	floors, walls, and ceilings are sealed Bench tops are impervious to water and resistant to heat,				
2.7	organic solvents, acids, alkalis, and disinfectants.				
2.8	Facility furniture/equipment is suitable for intended use	İ		İ	
2.9	No fabric upholstered/covered furniture or chairs				
	Facility windows are resistant to breakage; windows that				
2.10	open are fitted with fly screens				
2 44	Internal light fixtures, air ducts, utility pipes, etc. are arranged				
2.11	to facilitate cleaning and minimize the accumulation of debris or fomites				
	OF TOTALES	1		1	

Visual Inspection			NO	N/A	Comments
2.12	A sink is available for hand washing				
2.13	Sink and floor drains are maintained and filled with water, and/or appropriate disinfectant to prevent the migration of vermin and gases				
2.14	BSC is not located near doors, windows that can be opened, or heavy traffic areas and is certified at least annually				
2.15	The front grills of the BSCs are not blocked or covered and cabinet is free of clutter.				
2.16	If vacuum lines are in place, each service connection is fitted with liquid disinfectant traps and an in-line HEPA filter, placed as near as practicable to each use point or service cock. Filters are installed to permit in-place decontamination and replacement				
2.17	Sharps containers are labeled, conveniently located, and puncture resistant				
2.18	The direction of air flow into the animal facility is inward; exhaust air is discharged to the outside without being circulated to other rooms				

INSPECTION FINDINGS									
Code M = Minor Deficiency Code S = Significant Deficiency									
Special Notes & Considerations									
Checklist	Code	Deficiencies	Required Corrective Actions	Suspense					
Number		2010101000	required corrective residuals	Suspense					
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